

II INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE
Krasnoyarsk-St Petersburg, RUSSIA
19-21 May 2021



ICEST

Economic and Social Trends
for Sustainability of Modern Society



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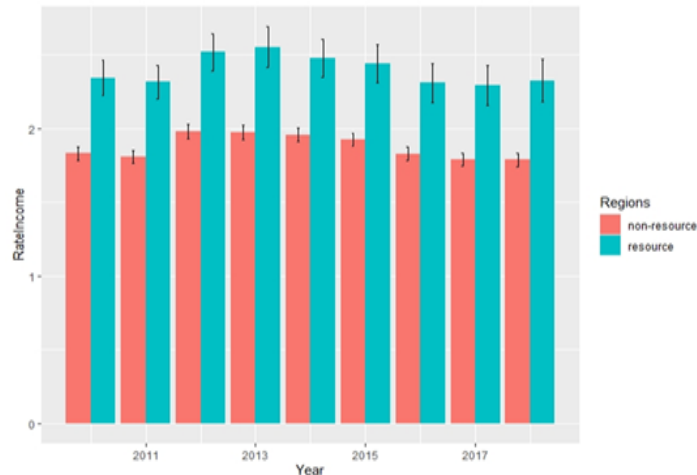


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ICEST-II 2021:
**Economic and Social Trends for Sustainability of Modern
Society**
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**«SOCIAL WELL-BEING AS A KEY COMPONENT OF INCLUSIVE
DEVELOPMENT IN RESOURCE-DEPENDENT REGIONS»**

O.S. Nagaeva

Problem statement



The concept of inclusive development has been gaining popularity. According to this concept, natural resource extraction should bring benefits to all citizens and improve social well-being in producing regions. Therefore, increasing social effects of extractive activities and the distribution of benefits and costs from natural resource extraction is an important issue for resource-dependent regions of Russia.

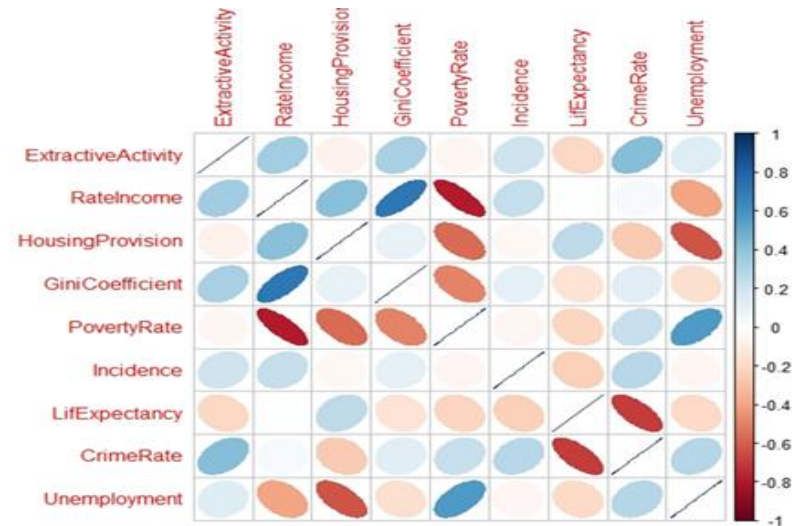
The purpose of the study is to investigate the impact of extractive activities on social well-being and inclusive development in resource-dependent regions of Russia.

The study seeks to answer the following research questions:

- How do extractive activities affect social well-being?
- Are there differences in social indicators among resource-dependent and non-resource regions of Russia?
- To what extent do resource-dependent regions meet the principles of inclusive development?

Solution methods

- Key indicators were selected to assess such aspects of social well-being as income, housing provision, poverty, social inequality, health, and crime.
- The study conducted a comparative analysis of social well-being in resource-dependent and non-resource regions of Russia
- A correlation analysis was applied to estimate the relationship between extractive activities and the social indicators in resource-dependent regions.
- The sample includes 84 regions of Russia (excluding Republic of Crimea, the city of Sevastopol and the city of Moscow).
- 24 regions were classified as resource-dependent.
- The study covers the period from 2010 to 2018.



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Conclusions

Results, implementation

- There are statistically significant differences in social indicators between resource-dependent and non-resource regions of Russia.
- Resource-dependent regions have better indicators of income per capita and poverty and worse indicators of social inequality, crime and incidence than non-resource regions.
- Resource-dependent regions of Russia do not meet the principles of inclusive development.



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